PRESS

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS¹

of the Republic of Azerbaijan for January – September, 2016

In January – September, 2016 current account deficit on the balance of payments amounted to \$ 1.1 B. Current account deficit on the non-oil sector y/y decreased by 20.3% (\$1056 M.) to \$ 4.1 B. Financial account deficit y/y decreased 3.3 times as much to \$ 2.0 B (deficit makes \$ 1.5 B excluding dollarization).

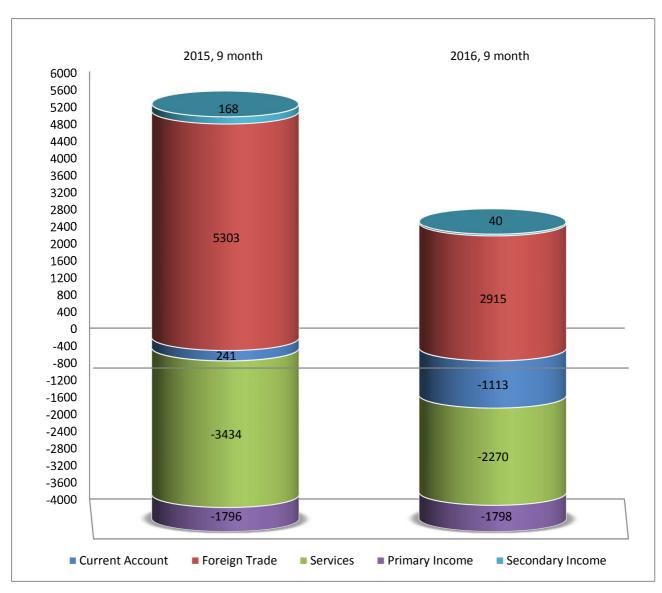
<u> </u>	Mln. \$
Cumant an anations	-1113.3
Current operations	-1113.3 2914.9
Foreign trade balance	
Services balance	-2270.5
Primary income balance	-1797.9
- Investment income repatriation	1566.8
Secondary income balance	40.2
Capital account	-40.1
Financial account	-1973.7
Net financial assets	4572.4
including:	
- direct investments abroad	2086.8
- portfolio investments	-52.2
- derivatives	-0.7
- other investments	2538.5
Net financial liabilities	2598.7
including:	
- direct investments attracted to Azerbaijan	5430.0
- attracted investment repatriation	-2088.0
- portfolio investments	481.6
- other investments	-1224.9
Net errors and omissions	1936.9
Total surplus of the BOP (change in reserve assets of the country; '+' increase, '-' decrease)	-1190.2

Key indicators of	of the balance	e of payments f	for January –	September, 202	16
			Min S		

Note: The BOP was calculated at the 40\$ (y/y 51\$) average actual oil price.

Current operations account

Current accounts deficit amounted to \$ 1113.3 M, including USD 3.0 B of current accounts surplus on the oil-and-gas sector. Surplus of the oil-and-gas sector covered 73.1% of the \$ 4.1 B worth of deficit on the non-oil sector.



Mln.\$

External trade balance

External trade balance made \$ 16.2 B, while *positive external trade surplus amounted* to \$ 2.9 B.

In January – September, 2016 Azerbaijan traded with up to 178 countries across the world. CIS countries account for 13%, while other countries for 87% of foreign trade.

Commodity export amounted to \$ 9.5 B, with the 91.8% share of oil-and-gas products.

\$ 7.7 B worth of oil products were exported to foreign countries, of which \$346.4 M falls to the share of oil products, while \$ 7.4 B to export of crude oil.

Non-oil and gas export amounted to \$ 784.3 M in January – September, 2016.

Commodity import constituted \$ 6.6 B. Total value of imported consumer goods was \$ 2923.1 M, including \$ 1055.0 M worth of food commodities. Non-oil import y/y decreased 13% to \$ 4.8 B, mainly due to fall in import of vehicles (64.9%), tobacco and tobacco products (47.8%), and pharmaceuticals (29.2%).

The share of vehicles, equipment and goods imported through investments was 24.5%.

Services balance

One of the major items in economic relations of Azerbaijan with other countries in January – September, 2016 was mutually provided services, the volume of which was 8.8 B. Out of which 5.5 B was rendered by non-residents for Azerbaijani residents, and 3.3 B – by Azerbaijani residents for residents of foreign countries.

The share of transportation in total services turnover was 16.8%. Total size of transportation services made up \$ 1471 M, 56.2% of which relates to use of transportation systems of Azerbaijan by non-residents.

Total volume of transportation services provided by Azerbaijani residents to nonresidents made up \$ 827 M, while the value of travelling services provided by nonresidents to Azerbaijani residents made up \$ 644 M.

Mutual touristic services y/y increased 8.3% to \$ 3.9 B, accordingly, offsetting y/y \$ 259 M worth of deficit with \$ 207 M worth of surplus.

In its turn, the cost of travel provided by foreign countries for Azerbaijani residents was \$1847.9 M, 72.6% of this amount falls to the share of private expenditures of Azerbaijani citizens (funds for shuttle import excluding).

The value of construction services paid to non-residents on the non-oil sector y/y decreased 2.2 times as much to \$86 M, while the value of other business services paid to non-residents on the non-oil sector y/y decreased 27.9% to \$474 M.

Primary income balance

Total turnover of income receipts and payments reached \$ 3 B, 77.3% (\$ 2.5 B) of which were payments from Azerbaijan. Its key portion (\$ 1791 M) fell to the share of income repatriation of foreign investors in oil-and-gas consortiums (mainly in terms of crude oil).

Secondary income balance

Total value of secondary income operations with foreign countries is estimated to equal \$ 901.7 M, 52.2% of which was receipts by Azerbaijan.

91.9% of total receipts on secondary income are comprised of remittances of individuals from foreign countries, 4.5% - value of humanitarian import goods and, 3.6% – other receipts.

In total, surplus of secondary income operations made up positive \$ 40.2 M.

Financial account²

Net acquisition of financial assets increased \$ 4.B: direct investments abroad (\$ 2086.8 M), portfolio investments (\$ -52.2 M), derivatives (\$ -0.7 M), and other investments (\$2538.5 M). Net financial liabilities made up \$ 2.6 B: net FDIs (\$3342.0 M), portfolio investments (\$481.6 M), and other investments (\$ -1224.9 M).

	Assets	Liabilities
Direct investments	2086.8	3342.0
- oil and gas sector	1502.3	2221.3
- other sectors	584.5	1120.7
Portfolio investments	-52.2	481.6
Derivatives	-0.7	
Other investments	2538.5	-1224.9
- trade credits and advances	2482.6	244.5
- credits and loans	-157.9	-878.3
-deposits and cash currency	213.8	-591.1
TOTAL	4572.4	2598.7

Net financial assets and liabilities in January – September, 2016

2 Under the IMF's Balance of Payments Manual (6th Edition), the capital and financial account in the BOP structure is classified under the Assets/Liabilities principle, due to which table indicators are designed accordingly.

Direct investments

Total amount of FDIs was \$ 5.4 B, with the 79.2% share of the oil-and-gas sector. Total amount of FDIs to the non-oil sector is estimated to equal \$ 1131.8 M.

Credits and other investments

Net financial assets on credits and loans decreased by \$ 157.9 M, while net financial liabilities decreased by \$ 878.3 M.

Net financial assets on deposits and cash increased \$ 213.8 M, while net financial liabilities decreased \$ 591.1 M.

Reserve assets

Over the reported period country's reserve assets decreased by \$ 1190 M.